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UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL

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Attorney Docket No. 1273/12

First Inventor or Application Identifier Clarkson et al.

Title METHODS AND SYSTEMS FOR BUILDING AND ...

Express Mail Label No. EJ165916125US

APPLICATION ELEMENTS

See MPEP chapter 600 concerning utility patent application contents.

1. ☒ * Fee Transmittal Form (e.g., PTO/SB/17)
(Submit an original and a duplicate for fee processing)
2. ☒ Specification [Total Pages 34]
(preferred arrangement set forth below)
 - Descriptive title of the Invention
 - Cross References to Related Applications
 - Statement Regarding Fed sponsored R & D
 - Reference to Microfiche Appendix
 - Background of the Invention
 - Brief Summary of the Invention
 - Brief Description of the Drawings (if filed)
 - Detailed Description
 - Claim(s)
 - Abstract of the Disclosure
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7. ☐ Assignment Papers (cover sheet & document(s))
8. ☐ 37 C.F.R. § 3.73(b) Statement ☐ Power of
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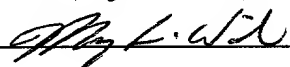
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Re: U.S. Patent Application for METHODS AND SYSTEMS FOR
BUILDING AND DISTRIBUTING AUDIO PACKAGES
Our File No. 1273/12

Sir:

Please find enclosed the following:

1. A U.S. patent application for METHODS AND SYSTEMS FOR BUILDING AND DISTRIBUTING AUDIO PACKAGES(34 pages of specification);
2. A Utility Patent Application Transmittal Form (Form PTO/SB/05);
3. A Fee Transmittal Form (Form PTO/SB/17) (1 page, in duplicate);
4. Fourteen (14) sheets of formal drawings;
5. Unexecuted Declaration;
6. A check in the amount of \$1,564.00 to cover the application filing fee;
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Assistant Commissioner for Patents
October 29, 1999
Page 2

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Respectfully submitted,

JENKINS & WILSON, P.A.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "JL Wilson", written in a cursive style.

Jeffrey L. Wilson
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JLW/GAH/lmb

Enclosures

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AN APPLICATION FOR
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Description

METHODS AND SYSTEMS FOR BUILDING
AND DISTRIBUTING AUDIO PACKAGES

Technical Field

5 The present invention relates generally to methods and systems for
building and distributing audio packages. More particularly, the present
invention relates to methods and systems for building and distributing audio
packages containing audio segments to be played by gateways in a
telecommunications network.

10

Related Art

In conventional telecommunications networks, a central switch provides
audio data to users that access the switch. For example, to play an
announcement, such as, "The time is five o'clock", a central switch includes
application software and hardware specifically designed to determine the time
15 and "play" the announcement. Changing the original function or providing new
functions requires new application software, and possibly even hardware
upgrades at the central switch.

Figure 1 illustrates a conventional telecommunications network including
a central switch. In the network illustrated in Figure 1, a central switch **S1**
20 includes announcement software **100** and hardware **102** to provide user

access to audio data. End users **104**, such as residential telephone customers, access the stored audio data through the public switched telephone network (PSTN) **106** and access devices **108**. In the network illustrated in Figure 1, all calls are routed through switch **S1**. Thus, in this type of network, it makes sense to provide audio data access through switch **S1**. However, as stated above, in order to add new services, hardware and/or software modifications at switch **S1** are required.

More recently, functionality for providing audio data and other conventionally centralized features to end users has been distributed across network elements. In a distributed network environment, end users can communicate with each other over a packet-based network, such as an Internet Protocol (IP) network, in which the path that a message takes through the network is not guaranteed. In such a network, end users can communicate with each other and with other network elements through access devices or gateways that translate between circuit- and packet-based communications protocols. Call servers control gateways and perform call-related functions, such as call setup. A gateway is a device that connects end users to an IP network. Thus, when user A desires to call user B, the gateway and call server for user A contact user B through the gateway and call server for user B. Communication occurs between user A and user B by sending packets over the network.

Audio servers store audio data to be played to users, record audio from users, and collect digits from users. For example, an audio server managed

by a telephone company might play an announcement indicating the company name when the user accesses the company's telephone network.

In a distributed network environment, audio services can be provided by gateways connected to end users as well as by audio servers. For example, 5 for messages that are frequently accessed and that require little processing, it does not make sense to waste network resources on establishing a connection between an end user and an audio server. These simple messages are more conveniently provided by gateways connected to the end users. However, because a telecommunications network can include many 10 gateways, the labor required to provision the gateways is increased.

In addition, it is desirable that gateways in a network be provisioned consistently. For example, when a call server instructs a gateway to play announcement #1, that announcement should be the same as announcement #1 on another gateway in the same network. With manual provisioning, there 15 is no reliable mechanism to ensure this consistency.

Thus, in light of these difficulties, there exists a need for improved methods and systems for building and distributing audio packages containing announcements to be played by gateways.

Disclosure of the Invention

20 The present invention includes methods and systems for building and distributing audio packages from an audio database. In order to provide a central source for audio files, announcements are provisioned first on a provisioning server and audio identifiers are created. As used herein, the term

“audio identifier” refers to a number or code that uniquely identifies an audio segment. An audio segment is the atomic unit of audio stored on a computer-readable medium. For example, a segment might be a file containing the recorded announcement “all circuits are busy”. The call server services are then configured using these audio identifiers. Audio that is desired to be present on gateways or other network elements is then selected via a provisioning interface provided by an audio package builder/export tool executing on the provisioning server. The provisioning interface allows a remote user to select audio files to be included in an audio package. The audio package builder/export tool bundles the selected audio and its associated information, and creates three files: an audio segments file, an index file, and a catalog file. These files can then be exported to any network element that understands their format.

The audio segments file created by the audio package builder/export tool contains the audio for all of the segments selected. The index file maps the audio identifiers of the segments selected to the offset and length of the corresponding audio in the audio segments file. The catalog file is a non-executable file, and contains ancillary information from the audio database, such as prompt text, title, voice talent, date recorded, etc.

Once created, the audio package can be sent to the desired network nodes for use. The receiving gateway or switch is not required to know anything about the specific contents of the exported package, other than the format of the exported package. This method of building and distributing audio packages provides simple, reliable provisioning based on a universal

provisioning server database and guarantees network-wide consistency in audio identifiers. As a result, any network node that is instructed by a service engine to play a specific prompt will play the same prompt.

5 The methods and systems for building audio packages and distributing the audio packages according to the present invention may be implemented as computer-executable instructions embodied in a computer-readable medium. As used herein, the phrase "computer-readable medium" refers to any electrical, optical, or magnetic medium capable of storing data readable by a computer. For example, computer-readable media suitable for use with the present invention include, but are not limited to, optical disks, magnetic disks, and memory devices.

Brief Description of the Drawings

A description of the invention will now proceed with reference to the accompanying drawings of which:

15 Figure 1 is a block diagram illustrating a conventional telecommunications network;

Figure 2 is a block diagram illustrating an exemplary operating environment for the methods and systems for building and distributing audio packages according to the present invention;

20 Figure 3 is a block diagram illustrating a system for provisioning audio on provisioning servers and audio servers according to an embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 4 is a block diagram illustrating a system for communicating audio identifiers to a call server according to an embodiment of the present invention;

5 Figures 5a and 5b are block diagrams illustrating a system for creating audio packages and for exporting the audio packages to a gateway according to an embodiment of the present invention;

 Figures 6-8 are computer-generated images illustrating exemplary windows of a graphical user interface for creating an audio package according to an embodiment of the present invention;

10 Figure 9 is a block diagram illustrating an index file according to an embodiment of the present invention;

 Figure 10 is a block diagram illustrating an audio segments file according to an embodiment of the present invention;

15 Figure 11 is a block diagram illustrating a record from a catalog file according to an embodiment of the present invention; and

 Figures 12a and 12b are block diagrams illustrating the relationship between the index file, the audio segments file, and the catalog file according to an embodiment of the present invention.

20

Detailed Description of the Invention

Exemplary Operating Environment

Figure 2 illustrates an exemplary operating environment for the methods and systems for building and distributing audio packages according to the present invention. In Figure 2, a plurality of gateways **200** allow end users **202**

to communicate with each other over a packet-based network **204**, such as a TCP/IP over ATM network. Gateways **200** translate between circuits and packets and vice versa. Gateways **200** may also play simple, frequently accessed announcements to end users **202**. Call servers **206** perform call processing functions, such as call setup and tear down. Call servers **206** also control gateways **200** and audio servers **208** to play announcements to end users **202**. Audio servers **208** play announcements to end users **202** through packet-based network **204**. However, because audio servers **208** must access network **204** to play announcements to end users **202**, it is preferable that at least some announcements be stored on gateways **200**. These announcements are preferably announcements that are commonly accessed and require little processing resources. For example, it does not make sense to waste network resources in establishing a connection between an end user **202** and one of the audio servers **208** in order to play the announcement, "The network is congested, please try your call again at another time". Thus, the present invention includes methods and systems for building audio packages containing frequently accessed announcements and exporting the packages to external devices, such as gateways **200**.

Building and Exporting Audio Packages

- Building and exporting audio packages includes the following steps:
- creating the audio
 - provisioning the audio on the audio server and the provisioning server
 - creating a package of desired audio

- exporting the package to the desired network elements.

Step 1: Creating the Audio

The creation of audio files can be accomplished any number of ways. For example, network-based announcements are created in a studio environment to ensure the highest quality recordings. Alternatively, there are a wide variety of software tools such as Sound Forge, available from Sonic Foundry, that can be used to create and edit audio files. Once the audio files are created, the audio files are preferably stored in a storage medium, such as a disk storage medium, available to a web browser- (e.g., Netscape Navigator or Internet Explorer) enabled computer.

Step 2: Provisioning the Audio on the Audio Server and the Provisioning Server

Provisioning according to the present invention is the process by which audio files are transferred to and stored in storage media managed by audio servers and provisioning servers. Figure 3 illustrates an exemplary system for provisioning audio on audio servers and provisioning servers. In Figure 3, client **300** includes hardware and software for storing audio files created as described above and for distributing the audio files to other entities. For example, client **300** can include a personal computer equipped with a network communications adapter, such as an ethernet adapter. Exemplary client software can include a web browser or other suitable communications software for communicating with primary and secondary provisioning servers **302** and **304**, respectively, over packet-based network **204**. Provisioning servers **302**

and **304** include hardware and software for receiving audio files from client **300**, for distributing audio files to audio servers, and for building and exporting audio packages to gateways. Exemplary provisioning server hardware suitable for use with the present invention can include server computers equipped with network communications adapters, such as ethernet adapters. Exemplary software suitable for communicating with client **300** can include a web server. An audio package builder/communicator can also execute on primary provisioning server **302** to build audio packages and export audio packages to gateways and other network entities.

Audio server **208** plays audio to end users in response to requests from call servers (not shown in Figure 3). As such, audio server **208** can include hardware, including network communications hardware and software for playing announcements to end users. Exemplary audio server hardware and software suitable for use with the present invention is described in a commonly-assigned, co-pending U.S. patent application entitled "Methods and Systems for Accessing Stored Audio Data Over a Network", filed on even date herewith, and the disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

Provisioning audio on primary provisioning server **302** according to one embodiment of the present invention is performed via a JAVA applet executing in a web browser on client **300**. First, the audio file to be provisioned is preferably transmitted from client **300** to primary provisioning server **302**. Audio files can be transmitted to primary provisioning server **302** via any suitable file transfer protocol, such as FTP. The audio files are placed in a

user-specified directory on primary provisioning server **302**. The JAVA applet executing on client **300** issues requests to JAVA servlets loaded into the web server executing on primary provisioning server **302** to accomplish tasks needed to provision the audio database of primary provisioning server **302**.

5 The requests can be formatted in a proprietary message protocol that is understood by the JAVA applet (client) and the JAVA servlet (server), and they can be transmitted via a standard transport protocol, such as HTTP. Once the audio files are stored in the audio database of primary provisioning server **302**, the audio files are automatically stored on secondary provisioning server **304**
10 and audio server(s) **208**.

The web server executing on primary provisioning server **302** presents a graphical user interface to the user of client **300** through the client's web browser to collect various data associated with the announcement such as announcement title, text, date recorded, voice talent used, etc., along with the
15 audio file itself. Once the user enters the appropriate information, this data relating to the audio file is transmitted to primary provisioning server **302** via its web server, and loaded into a relational database.

As discussed above, call servers control gateways to play audio to end users. As a result, call servers need to know the audio identifiers of all audio
20 files played on a given network and when to instruct gateways to play specified files. Figure 4 illustrates the process by which a call server is provided with audio identifiers and instructions. In Figure 4, call server **206** is provisioned with audio identifiers corresponding to audio segments in audio database **400** managed by primary provisioning server **302**. Each audio file in audio

database **400** includes an audio identifier that uniquely identifies the audio file. The audio identifiers can be assigned automatically when the audio files are stored in audio database **400**. Alternatively, the user can select audio identifiers for audio files using a web browser executing on client **300**. In the illustrated embodiment, audio database **400** includes three audio segments with audio identifiers "123", "127", and "129". Audio identifier "123" represents an audio segment corresponding to file "a", audio identifier "127" represents an audio segment corresponding to file "b", and audio identifier "129" represents an audio segment corresponding to file "c".

In the illustrated embodiment, call server **206** includes an element manager **404** for receiving audio identifiers from client **300** and storing instructions as to when to play the specific audio segments. Element manager **404** can be any suitable program for receiving the audio identifiers and instructions over the network **204**. For example, element manager **404** can be configured to communicate using TCP or UDP. In the illustrated embodiment, element manager **404** stores instructions and corresponding audio identifiers in a table **406**. The left column in table **406** includes instructions as to when audio segments are to be played. The right column in table **406** includes audio identifiers corresponding to the instructions in the left column. For example, in the illustrated table, audio segments corresponding to audio identifiers **123**, **127**, and **129** are played at the start of a call. The audio segment corresponding to the audio identifier **123** is played in the middle of a call. Finally, the audio segment corresponding to audio identifier **129** is played at the end of a call.

An example of instructions and corresponding audio identifiers that can be data filled on a call server relates to branding. Branding refers to the playing of a company- or product-specific announcement during a call. For example, when a caller accesses a network managed by AT&T, the caller
5 hears the announcement, "This is AT&T". Similar announcements can be played for MCI and Sprint when a caller accesses an MCI network or a Sprint network. Thus, table **406** in call server **206** can store audio identifiers corresponding to announcements for AT&T, MCI, and Sprint networks. The instructions corresponding to the audio identifiers can include instructions for
10 playing the appropriate announcement based on the network that a caller is trying to access. When a call that accesses a particular company's network is received from an end user, the call server performs a lookup in table **406** for the company and instructs the gateway to play the announcement for that company. Thus, data filling the call server with audio identifiers and
15 instructions allows the call server to instruct gateways to play the appropriate announcements.

Step 3: Creating a Package of Desired Audio

Figures 5a and 5b illustrate an exemplary system for generating audio packages and exporting the audio packages to a gateway. In Figure 5a,
20 primary provisioning server **302** includes audio package builder/export tool **500**. Audio package builder/export tool **500** includes a graphical user interface that allows a user, through client **300**, to select audio segments to be included in an audio package. Audio package builder/export tool **500** also includes computer-executable instructions for building audio packages from audio database **400**

and for creating package definitions to be stored in database **400**. In the illustrated embodiment, audio package **501** includes audio segments file **502**, index file **504**, and catalog file **506**. The structure of each of these files in audio package **501** will be discussed in more detail below.

5 Conceptually, an audio package created for export to other network elements (such as gateways) could contain the entire contents of relational database **400** on primary provisioning server **302**. However, in a preferred embodiment of the invention, a small subset of audio, characterized by high use and low processing requirements, is selected with the graphical user
10 interface presented through the web browser executing on client **300**.

As stated above, the JAVA applet executing on the client's web browser sends requests to primary provisioning server **302** to provision audio databases. The requests can also include requests for building and exporting audio packages.

15 Exemplary requests that can be sent from client **300** to primary provisioning server **302** to support the creation and export of audio packages include:

- user authenticate
- create physical segment
- 20 • get physical segment
- get packages
- create package
- add physical segment to package
- delete physical segment from package

- get package contents
- lock package
- export package.

5 A user authenticate request allows only authorized users to create audio packages. A create physical segment request allows the user to add a segment to database **400**. A get physical segment request allows a user to view physical segments stored in database **400**. A get packages request allows a user to view packages stored in the database **400**. A create package request allows a user to create a new audio package in database **400**. An add
10 physical segments to package allows a user to add segments to a package created by a create package request. A get package contents request allows a user to view the contents of a previously-created package. A delete physical segments from package allows a user to remove segments from a package. A lock package request allow a user to lock a package to prevent modification
15 of the package. An export package request allows a user to export a package to a location accessible by client **300** so that the package can be transmitted to gateways.

An audio package according to an embodiment of the present invention is a persistent, versioned entity tracked in database **400** on primary
20 provisioning server **302**. Once created, if an audio package is edited and changed, the changed package is given a new version number. Therefore, previously created packages can be reviewed, recreated, and augmented.

In creating a package, the following steps are taken:

- A new, empty, named package is created.

- Audio segments are added to (or later subtracted from) the package. The audio segments are also versioned. If a package is recreated, and one of the audio segments has been updated, a warning is preferably provided to the user.
- Once all segments are added, the package is locked. Once locked, the contents of that version of the package are fixed.
- The package is exported to a location from which the package can be distributed to gateways and/or other switch types. In a preferred embodiment of the invention, the three files referenced above (audio segments, index, and catalog) are exported. Copies of the files can be retained in the file system of primary provisioning server **302** for tracking purposes. The package definition used to generate the files may be retained in the database.

Figure 6 illustrates an exemplary property editor window of the graphical user interface that can be used to create an audio package. In Figure 6, the property editor window **600** includes input cells for receiving a name for the package, a description of the package, and the originator of the package. Additional cells display information regarding the package. Once the user clicks on "submit", a record is created or modified for the audio package in audio database **400** of provisioning server **302**.

Once the user has created a file for the audio package, the user can select audio segments to be added to or subtracted from the package. Figure 7 illustrates a manage audio window **700** embedded in a browser window **702**.

Manage audio window **700** includes a first area **704** that displays audio package names in a tree format and allows a user to select audio packages. Contents area **706** displays contents of the audio package selected in area **704**. A third area **708** includes a list of audio segments available for package building. Thus, in order to add audio segments to an audio package, the user highlights a segment in area **708** and clicks on the appropriate button on toolbar **710** to add the segment to the selected audio package.

Once the user has selected the audio segments to be included in an audio package, and selects the export button on toolbar **710** audio package builder/export tool **500** illustrated in Figure 5a creates the audio segments file, the index file, and the catalog file based on the information selected by the user. The location to which the package is exported can be a fixed location on the provisioning server based on the user ID, the package ID, and the package version number. The file location and file names are displayed to the user in an export results dialog window. Figure 8 illustrates an exemplary package export results dialog window **800** that displays the results of exporting a package. In Figure 8, package export results dialog window **800** includes first display cell **802** that indicates whether the package was exported successfully. Export directory display cell **804** indicates the file location to which the package was exported. The file location can be a location on primary provisioning server **302** or client **300**. The user of client **300** can then transfer the package to gateways in any suitable manner, e.g., electronically using FTP, or manually, using a disk. In an alternative embodiment, for example, as illustrated in Figure 5b, the package can be exported directly to gateways.

Referring again to Figure 8, display cells **806**, **808** and **810** indicate the audio segments, catalog, and index file names, respectively, that are stored in the location indicated by export directory display cell **804**. Finally, display cell **812** indicates segments that were requested to be included but not included in the package because the segments were deleted from the database after the package was locked, but before the package was exported.

Audio Package Format

As mentioned previously, the three files in the audio package that are delivered to a gateway are the index file, the audio segments file, and the catalog file. The format and contents of each file will be more completely described below; however, a short description of each file type will facilitate understanding of the rationale for this division of information.

Referring back to Figure 5b, index file **504** includes information to be used by a gateway to play an audio segment in audio segments file **502**. For example, index file **504** can include an audio identifier for each audio segment in audio segments file **502** and information indicating the location of the audio segment in audio segments file **502**. In the illustrated embodiment, index file **504** includes audio identifiers, offsets, and lengths for each audio segment in audio segments file **502**. For example, the illustrated index file indicates that the audio segment corresponding to audio identifier "127" is located at offset in length "off.x" in audio segments file **502**. Index file **504** also stores the length of the audio segment corresponding to audio identifier "127". Thus, in order to instruct gateway **200** to play the audio segment corresponding to audio identifier "127", a call server sends a request to gateway **200**. The request

includes audio identifier "127". The gateway searches the index file to determine the location and length of the audio segment for the announcement in the audio segments file. Gateway **200** then extracts the audio segment from the audio segments file and plays the audio segment to an end user.

5 One advantage to using an index file is that it provides a standard mechanism for accessing audio, regardless of the internal format of the actual audio files. The index file also allows audio to be distributed among multiple files. This could be useful for managing audio by grouping logically related segments in the same file. Another advantage to the index file is that it
10 promotes a flexible system. Audio files can vary from one to a large number of audio segments.

 Another file included in an audio package is catalog file **506**. This file is preferably a text file, such as an ASCII file, that is used to document audio segments included in audio segments file **502**. Catalog file **506** includes
15 textual information that describes the audio segments and the characteristics of each segment (phrasing, recording information, etc.) For example, in the illustrated embodiment, catalog file **506** includes a title and a textual representation of the announcement corresponding to each audio segment.

 The following sections include a more complete description of the audio
20 segments file, the index file, and the catalog file according to the present invention. The description is merely illustrative of file formats suitable for use with the present invention and is not intended to limit the invention to the specific formats described.

The Index File

The index file includes the information required to play each audio segment. Figure 9 illustrates an exemplary data structure for the index file. In Figure 9, index file includes one record for each audio segment in the audio segments file. Each record includes a plurality of fields storing information regarding the audio segments file. In Figure 9, each row in table 900 represents a record, while each column represents a field within a record. The name, content, and function of each of the fields is as follows:

- audio identifier - 4 bytes specifying an integer.
- Package ID - (2 bytes) - the ID of the package from which the index file was generated. The package ID combined with the version and an extension, e.g. ".aud", identifies the audio segment file.
- Package version - 2 bytes - the version of the package from which the index file was generated.
- Offset - 4 bytes binary - This field includes the starting offset to play the audio segment, indicating the number of bytes from the start of the audio segments file.
- Length - 4 bytes binary - This field includes the length in bytes of the audio segment.
- Segment format - 4 bytes binary - This field contains the format needed to play the audio, such as the codec and format (a-law, μ -law, etc.)

- Checkdata - 4 bytes binary - This field includes data used as a cross-reference to ensure synchronization between the record in the index file, the record in the catalog file, and the actual audio file. The information can be used for auditing and debugging purposes. This field can also hold a checksum or a file size for verifying the integrity of the audio segments file.

5

In the illustrated embodiment, the total length of one index record is 24 bytes.

The Audio Segments File

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Figure 10 is a block diagram illustrating the data structure of an audio segments file according to an embodiment of the present invention. In the illustrated embodiment, audio segments file **502a** contains three sections: a first section **1000**, a second section **1002**, and a third section **1004**. In the illustrated embodiment, sections **1000-1004** contain the following information:

15

- The first section **1000** contains 4 bytes that hold the number of audio segments contained in audio segments file **502a**.
- The second section **1002** contains the checkdata values for all of the audio segments. For each audio segment, there is a 4 byte value. If there are 20 audio segments in the file, there is a group of 80 contiguous bytes containing the checkdata for the segments. The checkdata value for each segment should match the value in the index and catalog files.

20

- The third section **1004** of audio segments file **502a** contains the actual audio segments. The audio segments are preferably stored contiguously in audio segments file **502a**.

Catalog File

5 The catalog file includes information that describes the format and content of the audio segments in a human-readable format. In a preferred embodiment of the invention, the catalog file includes one record describing each audio segment in the audio segments file. Figure 11 illustrates an exemplary record format for the catalog file. In the illustrated embodiment, and
10 exemplary record **1100** includes the following fields for storing information about each audio segment in the audio segments file:

- Audio identifier - This is the same audio identifier referenced in the index file.
- Title - a short phrase describing the segment.
- 15 • Text - the word or phrase contained in the segment.
- Codec - G.711, G.728, etc.
- Format - μ -law, a-law, ADPCM, etc.
- Recording date - when the segment was recorded.
- Version - an identifier used to track multiple versions of the same
20 audio segment.
- Voice identifier - indicates the voice talent for the audio.
- Group - indicates user of the audio.
- Subgroup - subset of the group
- Language - the language of the segment.

- Release notes - an additional field for documenting the version.
- Checkdata - This number is the same checksum value that is stored in the index and audio segments file. It is used to ensure synchronization between the various files during auditing and debugging.

5

Like the index file, the catalog file preferably includes a version number that tracks the format of the catalog file.

Relationships Among the Files

Figures 12a and 12b are block diagrams illustrating the relationships between the index file, the catalog file, and the audio segments file. In Figures 12a and 12b, index file **504a** contains an audio identifier, "2345". The offset field in index file **504a** indicates that the audio segment corresponding to the audio identifier "2345" is located at an offset of 17,820 bytes from the beginning of the audio segments file **502a** that has a file ID of 0001. The check data fields in the index file **504a**, the audio segments file **502a**, and the catalog file record **1100a** are all equal to "1755" for the audio identifier "2345", thus indicating that the files are synchronized. Finally, the Len field for audio identifier "2345" indicates that the corresponding audio segment in audio segments file **502a** is 10 kilobytes in length.

15
20

Accessing Audio Segments

In order to access an audio segment corresponding to audio identifier, a gateway or other device performs a lookup in the index file to obtain the offset and length of the audio segment. Depending on the number of audio segments referenced in the index file, the index file can be configured to

optimize searches. A b-tree, for example, could be useful in improving access time.

Audio Package Definitions

According to another aspect of the invention, the audio package
5 builder/export tool **500** illustrated in Figure 5a creates an audio package
definition and stores the audio package definition in database 400 when a user
creates an audio package, as described above. An audio package definition,
according to an embodiment of the present invention, contains information
sufficient to recreate the audio package and/or allow user modification of the
10 audio package. For example, as illustrated in Figure 6, each audio package
created by a user is assigned a package ID and a version number. The
package ID and the version number may be used to index an audio package
definition in database **400**. The package definition may include a list of audio
identifiers corresponding to audio segments included in the audio package.
15 Thus, when a user desires to obtain a copy of a previously-created audio
package or create a modified version of the audio package, the user may
simply access the package by name using the graphical user interface
illustrated in Figures 6-8. The audio package builder/export tool may perform
a lookup in database **400** for the package ID and version number
20 corresponding to the name. If the user exports the package as is, e.g., by
selecting the appropriate button on toolbar **710** illustrated in Figure 7, audio
package builder/export tool **500** may create the files to be included in the audio
package for that package ID and version. If the same package with the
identical package ID and version were exported before, the files will be

overwritten. If the user desires to clone the package definition (causing a new package ID to be assigned and a new package definition to be created in database **400**) and then exported without modification, audio file builder/export tool **500** creates a copy of the files that were included in the original audio package.

If the user modifies the contents of a package, audio file builder/export tool **500** preferably creates a new package definition with the same package ID as the original package and a new version number and stores the new package definition in database **400**.

Creating and storing audio package definitions in database **400** increased efficiency and accuracy in provisioning audio on gateways. For example, an audio segments file on a gateway may become corrupted or be inadvertently deleted. In this situation, the user simply accesses audio database **400**, locates the definition for the previously created package, and exports the package to the gateway. In another example, if a user desires to modify an announcement being played by a gateway, the user accesses the previously- created package definition, makes the desired modifications, and exports the new package to the gateway. A new package definition corresponding to the package is stored in database **400**. Thus, by creating and storing package definitions in database **400**, the present invention greatly facilitates the provisioning of audio on gateways.

The present invention provides novel methods and systems for provisioning frequently-accessed announcements to network elements connected to end users. Because end users can access announcements

5

It will be understood that various details of the invention can be changed without departing from the scope of the invention. Furthermore, the foregoing description is for the purpose of illustration only, and not for the purpose of limitation--the invention being defined by the claims.

CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

1. A system for generating an audio package containing an audio segment to be played by a gateway in a network, the system comprising:

- 5 (a) an audio database for storing audio segments containing announcements to be played to an end user in a network; and
- (b) an audio package builder/export tool for accessing the audio database to build an audio package including an audio segments file for storing an audio segment to be played by a gateway in the network and an index file containing information usable by the gateway for locating the audio segment in the audio segments file.
- 10

2. The system of claim 1 wherein the audio package includes a catalog file containing information describing the audio segment in the audio segments file.

15

3. The system of claim 1 wherein the audio package builder/export tool is adapted to select audio segments from the audio database to be included in the audio segments file based on selections received from a user.

4. The system of claim 3 wherein the audio package builder/export tool includes a graphical user interface configured to receive the selections from the user through a web browser.

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5. The system of claim 1 comprising means for exporting the audio package to a plurality of gateways in the network.

6. The system of claim 5 wherein the means for exporting includes means for exporting the audio package over a packet-based network.

7. The system of claim 5 wherein the means for exporting includes means for storing the audio package on a disk or memory storage medium.

5 8. The system of claim 7 wherein the means for exporting includes means for transmitting the audio package to a client over a packet-based network and means for transmitting the audio package from the client to a plurality of gateways.

9. A system for building an audio package, the system comprising;

- 10 (a) an audio database for storing audio segments containing announcements to be played to an end user in a network; and
- (b) an audio package builder/export tool for allowing a user to select, from the audio database, an audio segment to be played by a gateway and for building an audio package containing the audio segment selected by the user.
- 15

10. The system of claim 9 wherein the audio package builder/export tool is configured to present a graphical user interface to the user over a network for receiving user selections.

11. The system of claim 10 wherein the audio package builder/export tool is configured to present the graphical user interface through a web browser executing on a client computer.

20

12. The system of claim 9 wherein the audio package includes an audio segments file containing the audio segment selected by the user and an

index file containing information usable by gateways for locating audio the audio segment in the audio segments file.

13. The system of claim 9 wherein the audio package includes a catalog file containing descriptive information relating to the audio segment selected by the user.

14. The system of claim 9 comprising means for exporting the audio package to a plurality of gateways.

15. The system of claim 14 wherein the means for exporting includes means for exporting the audio package over a packet-based network.

16. The system of claim 14 wherein the means for exporting includes means for storing the audio package on a disk or memory storage medium.

17. The system of claim 14 wherein the means for exporting includes means for transmitting the audio package to a client over a packet-based network and means for transmitting the audio package from the client to a plurality of gateways.

18. A data structure embodied in a computer-readable medium usable by a gateway for locating an audio segment in an audio segments file to play the audio segment to an end user in a network, the data structure comprising:

at least one record containing information regarding an audio segment in the audio segments file, the record including:

- (i) a first data field for storing an audio identifier for identifying the audio segment in the audio segments file; and

- (ii) a second data field for storing information regarding a location of the audio segment in the audio segments file.

19. The data structure of claim 18 wherein the second data field stores an offset indicating a location of the audio segment from an initial address of the audio segments file.

20. The data structure of claim 19 comprising a third data field for storing information indicating a length of the audio segment.

21. The data structure of claim 18 comprising a third data field for synchronizing the record with the audio segment in the audio segments file.

22. A data structure embodied in a computer-readable medium for storing an audio segment containing an announcement to be played by a gateway in a network, the data structure comprising:

- (a) a first section for storing an audio segment containing an announcement to be played by a gateway in a network; and
- (b) a second section for storing information indicating the number of audio segments in the first section.

23. The data structure of claim 22 comprising a third section for storing check data for synchronizing the audio segment with a record in an index file usable by the gateway to locate the audio segment in the first section.

24. The data structure of claim 22 wherein the first section includes a plurality of audio segments at locations corresponding to offset values in an index file usable by the gateway to locate the audio segments in the first section.

25. A method for distributing audio data to a gateway in a network, the method comprising:

- 5
- (a) receiving a request from a user for selecting an audio segment containing an announcement to be played by a gateway in a network;
 - (b) generating an audio package including the audio segment selected by the user; and
 - (c) exporting the audio package to the gateway.

10 26. The method of claim 25 wherein receiving the request includes receiving a request generated by a web browser.

27. The method of claim 25 wherein generating an audio package includes generating an audio segments file containing the audio segment selected by the user and an index file containing information for locating the audio segment in the audio segments file.

15 28. The method of claim 25 wherein generating an audio package includes generating a catalog file containing descriptive information regarding the audio segment selected by the user.

20 29. The method of claim 25 comprising exporting the audio package to a plurality of gateways to ensure consistent delivery of announcements by the gateways.

30. A method for building an audio package including an audio segment containing an announcement to be played by a gateway in a telecommunications network, the method comprising:

- (a) storing, in an audio database, audio segments to be played to an end user in a network; and
- (b) generating an audio package including a subset of the audio segments in the audio database.

5 31. The method of claim 30 wherein generating an audio package includes generating an audio segments file containing the subset of audio segments and an index file containing information for locating audio segments in the audio segments file.

10 32. The method of claim 31 wherein generating an audio package includes generating a catalog file including records containing information describing the audio segments in the audio segments file.

 33. The method of claim 30 further comprising exporting the audio package to a plurality of gateways in the network.

15 34. The method of claim 33 wherein exporting the audio package to a plurality of gateways includes transmitting the audio package over a packet-based network.

20 35. The method of claim 33 wherein exporting the audio package to a plurality of gateways includes transmitting the audio package to a client computer and forwarding the audio package from the client computer to the plurality of gateways.

 36. The method of claim 30 further comprising receiving requests from a user including audio identifiers indicative of audio segments to be included in the audio package and wherein generating the audio package

includes extracting audio files from the audio database based on the audio identifiers.

37. A method for provisioning audio on a gateway comprising:

(a) storing a first audio package definition in an audio database, the first audio package definition containing information sufficient to allow creation of a first audio package containing audio to be played a gateway; and

(b) in response to a first user request, accessing the audio database, locating the first audio package definition, creating the first audio package based on the definition, and exporting the audio package from the audio database.

38. The method of claim 37 wherein storing a first audio package definition includes storing an audio package definition including a plurality of audio identifiers representing audio segments in the audio database.

39. The method of claim 37 comprising, in response to a second user request, locating the first audio package definition, modifying the first audio package definition based on the second user request, creating a second audio package based on the modified package definition, and exporting the second audio package from the audio database.

40. The method of claim 39 comprising storing the modified audio package definition in the audio database.

41. An audio package for storing an announcement to be played by a gateway in a network, the audio package being embodied in a signal propagated over the network, the audio package comprising:

- (a) an audio segments file containing an audio segment to be played by a gateway in the network; and
- (b) an index file containing information usable by the gateway to play the audio segment.

5 42. The audio package of claim 41 comprising a catalog file containing information describing the audio segment in the audio segments file.

 43. The audio package of claim 41 wherein the index file contains information specifying the location of the audio segment in the audio segments file.

5

10

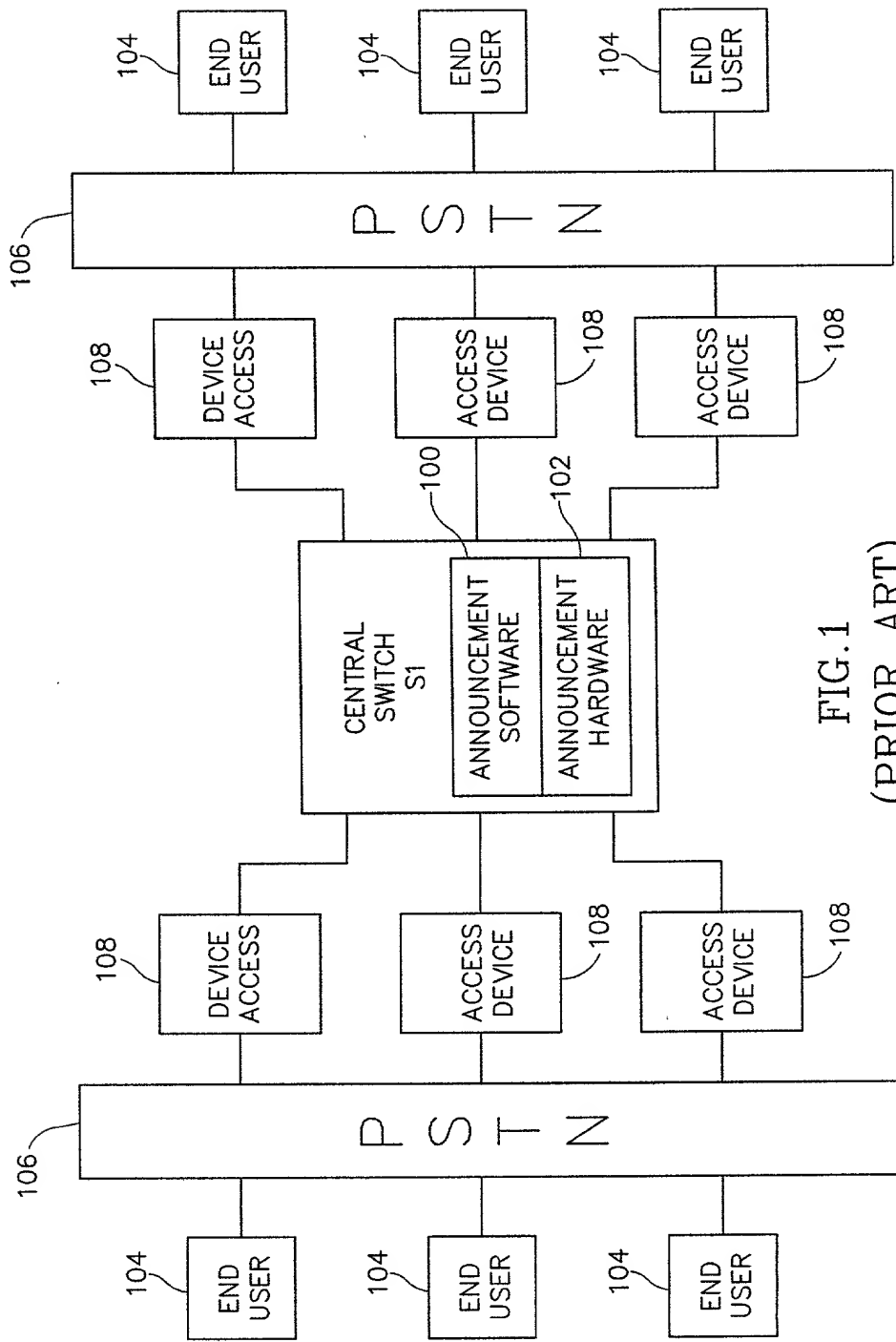


FIG.1
(PRIOR ART)

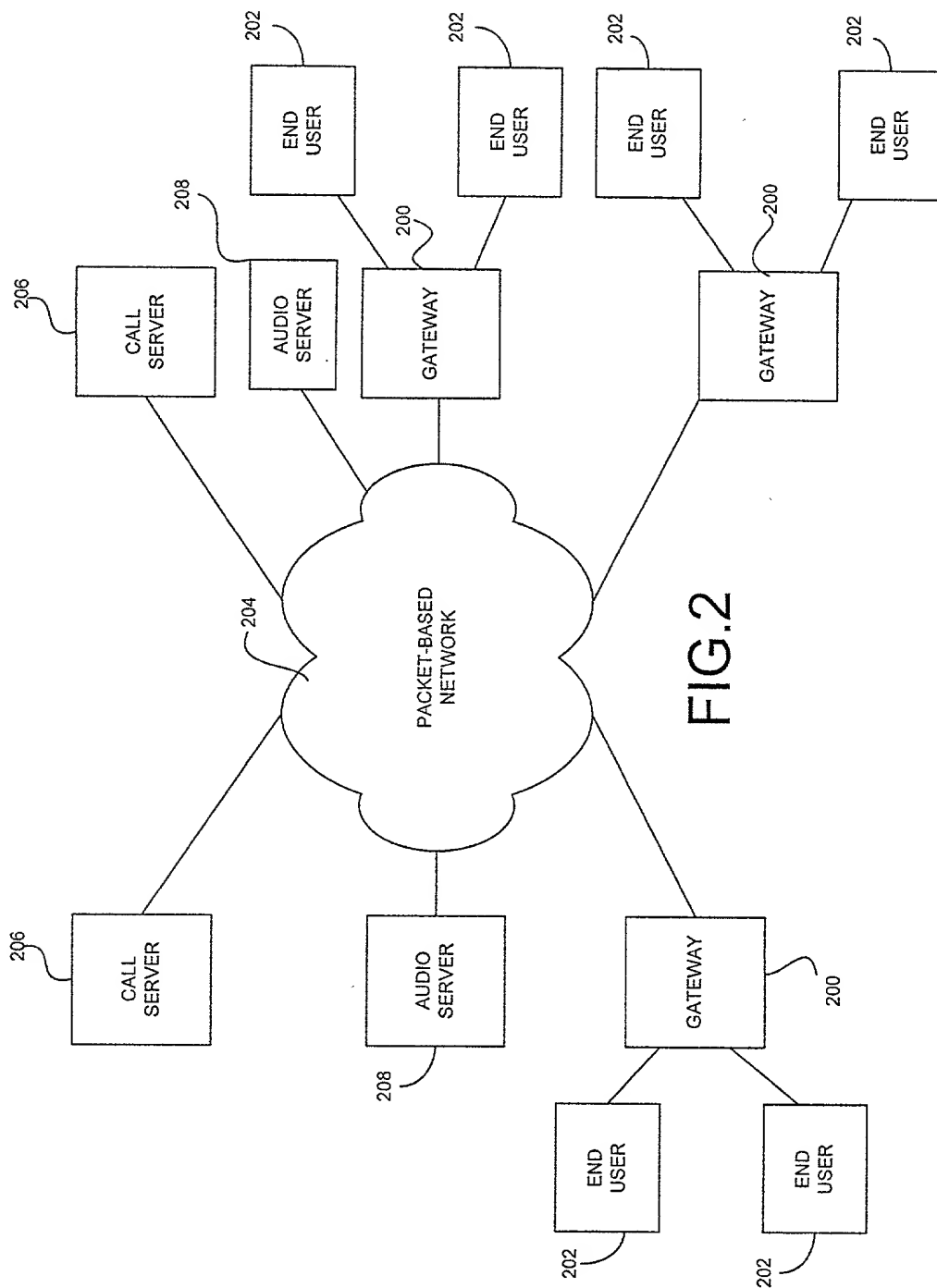
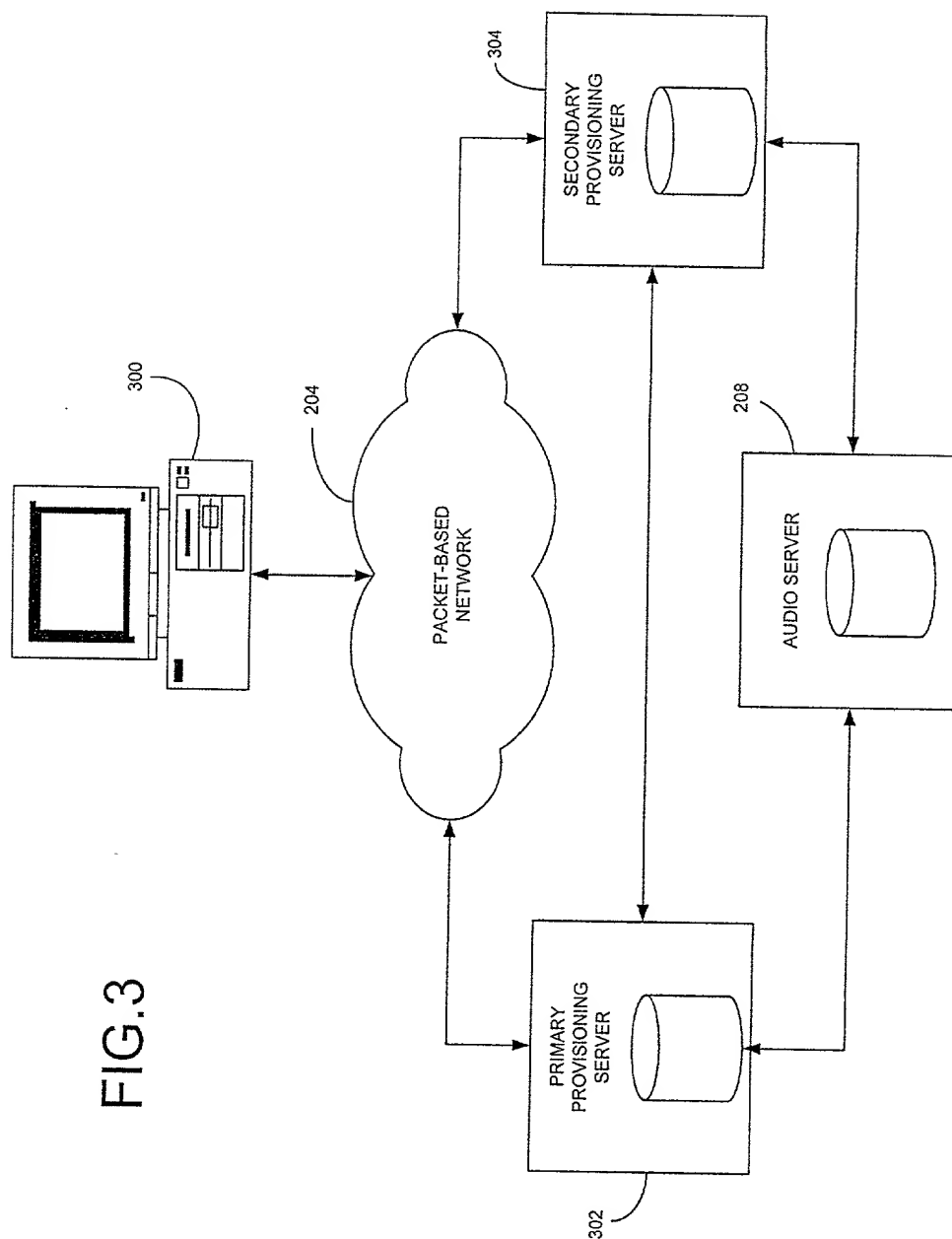


FIG.2



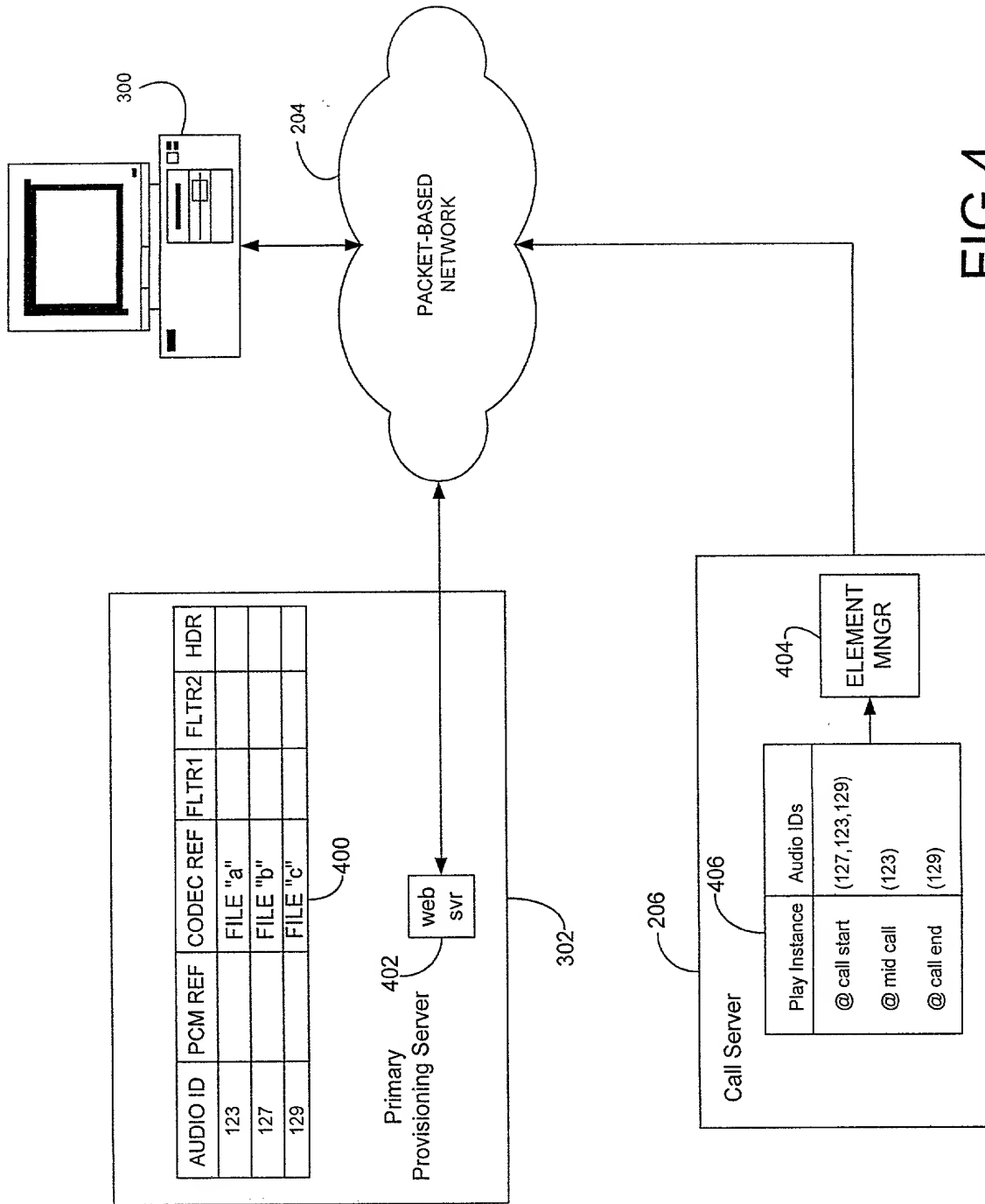


FIG.4

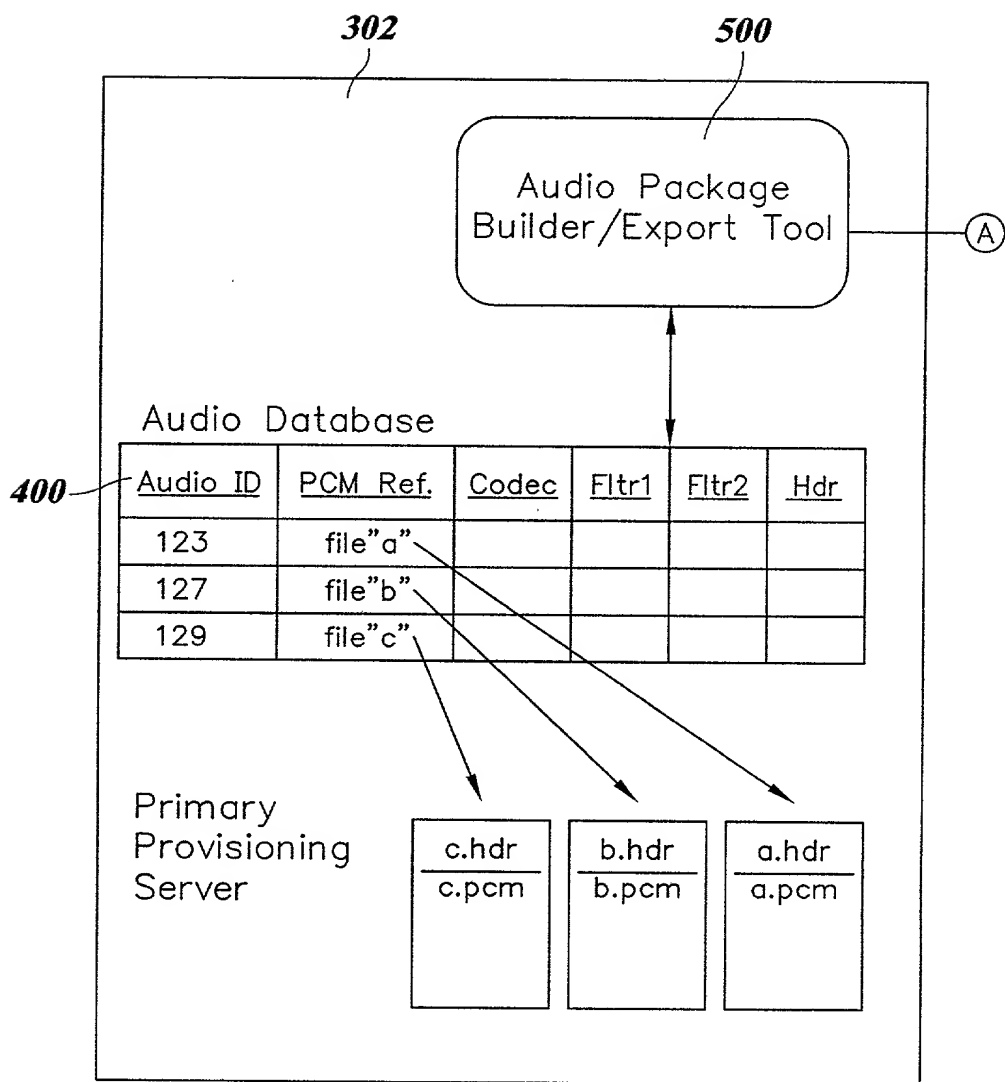


FIG.5a

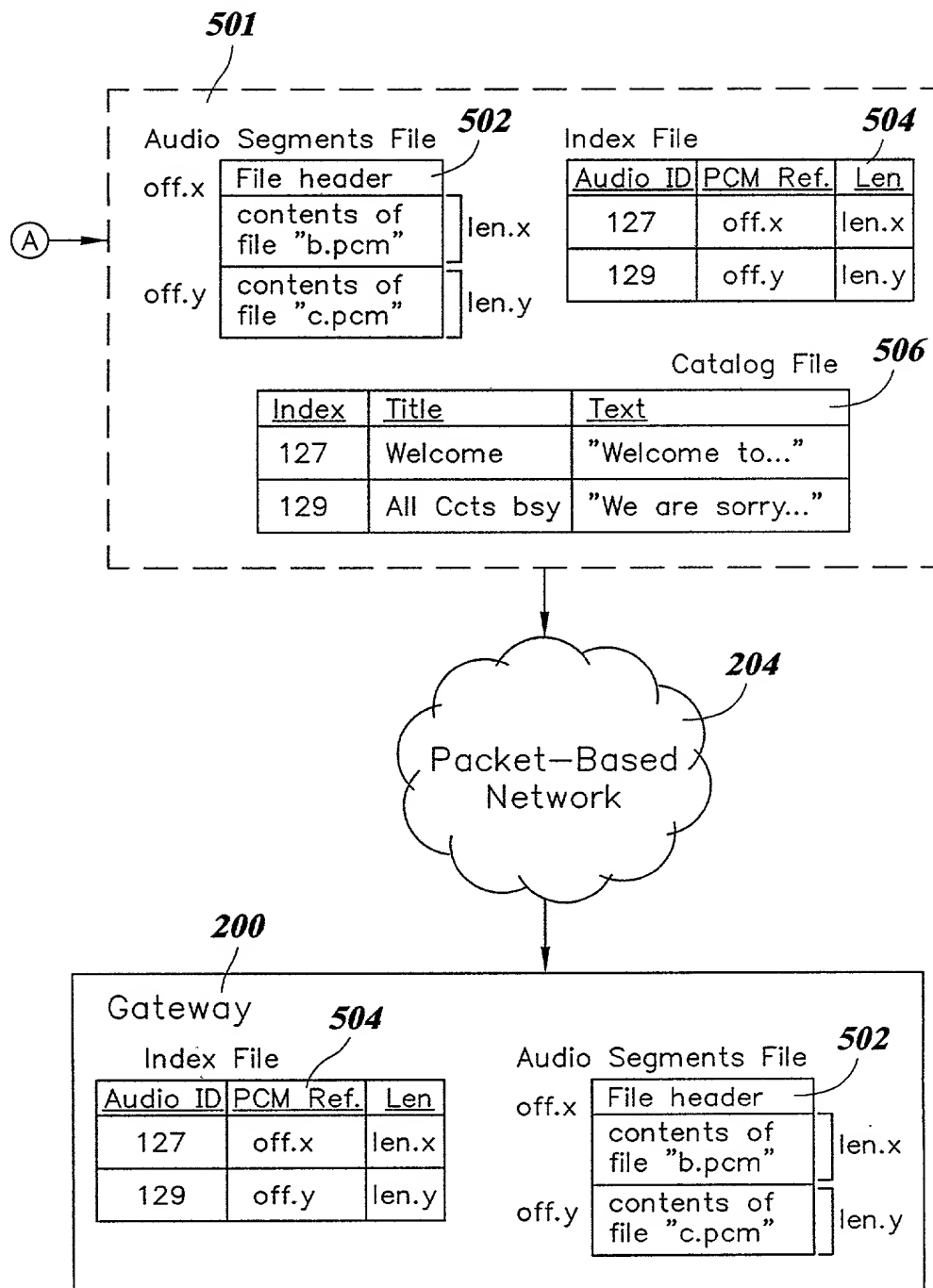


FIG.5b

600

Package Property Editor

Title:	GW_North	Package ID:	0	Version:	0
Description:	Default description	Creation Date:	20-Sep-99		
Originator:	asadmin	Last Modified by:	N/A		
Export Status:	Not Exported	Exported By:	N/A		
Lock Status:	Unlocked	Locked By:	N/A		

Submit Cancel

Signed by:

FIG.6

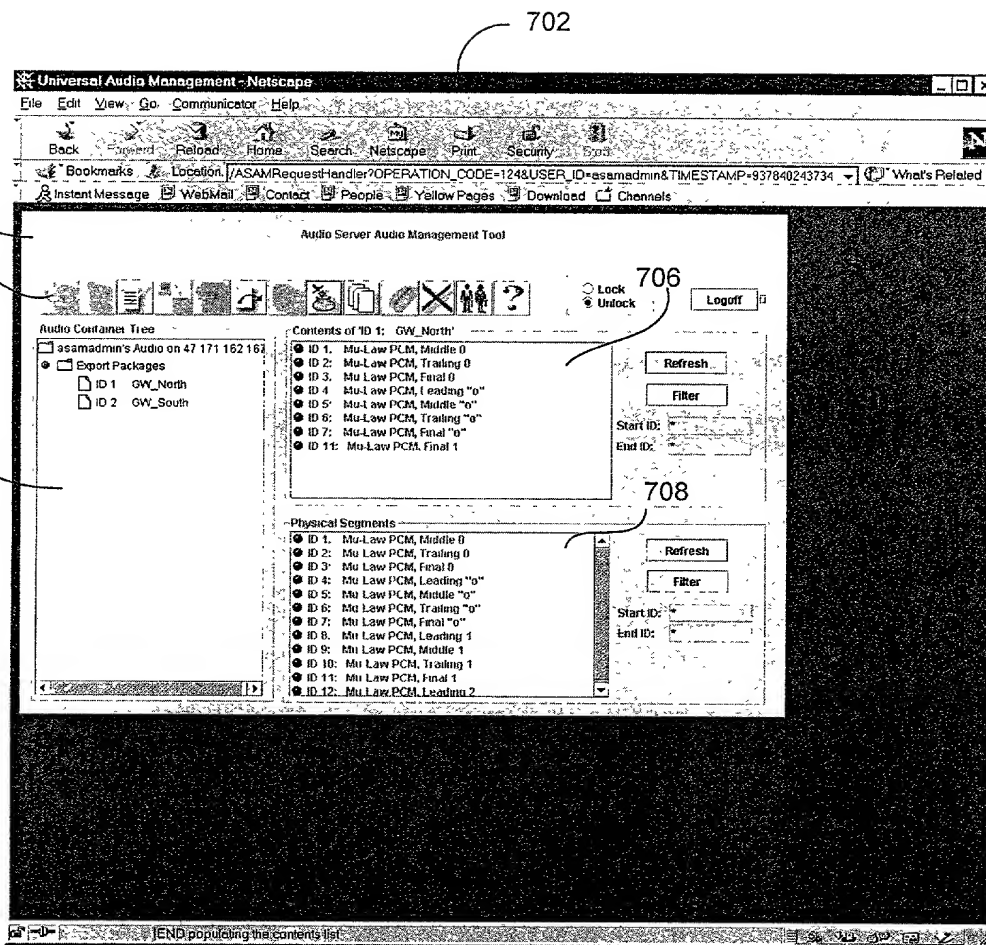


FIG.7

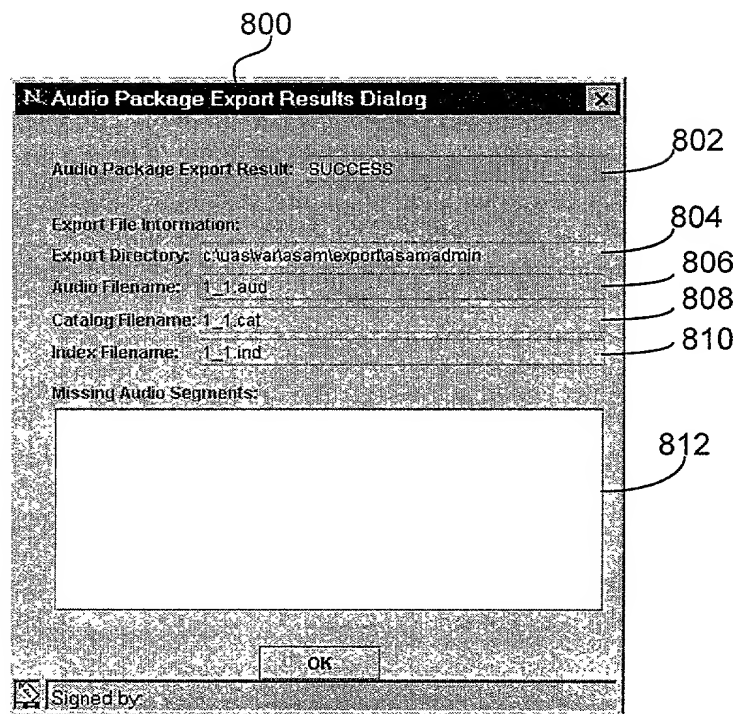


FIG.8

504a

900

Index File						
Audio ID	Package ID	Package Ver.	Offset	Len	Segment Format	Checkdata
1234	2	1	20	2000	1	1234
5678	2	2	2020	1800	2	9876
9012	7	3	3820	14000	2	5432
2345	8	2	17820	10000	2	1755

FIG.9

502a

Offset in bytes

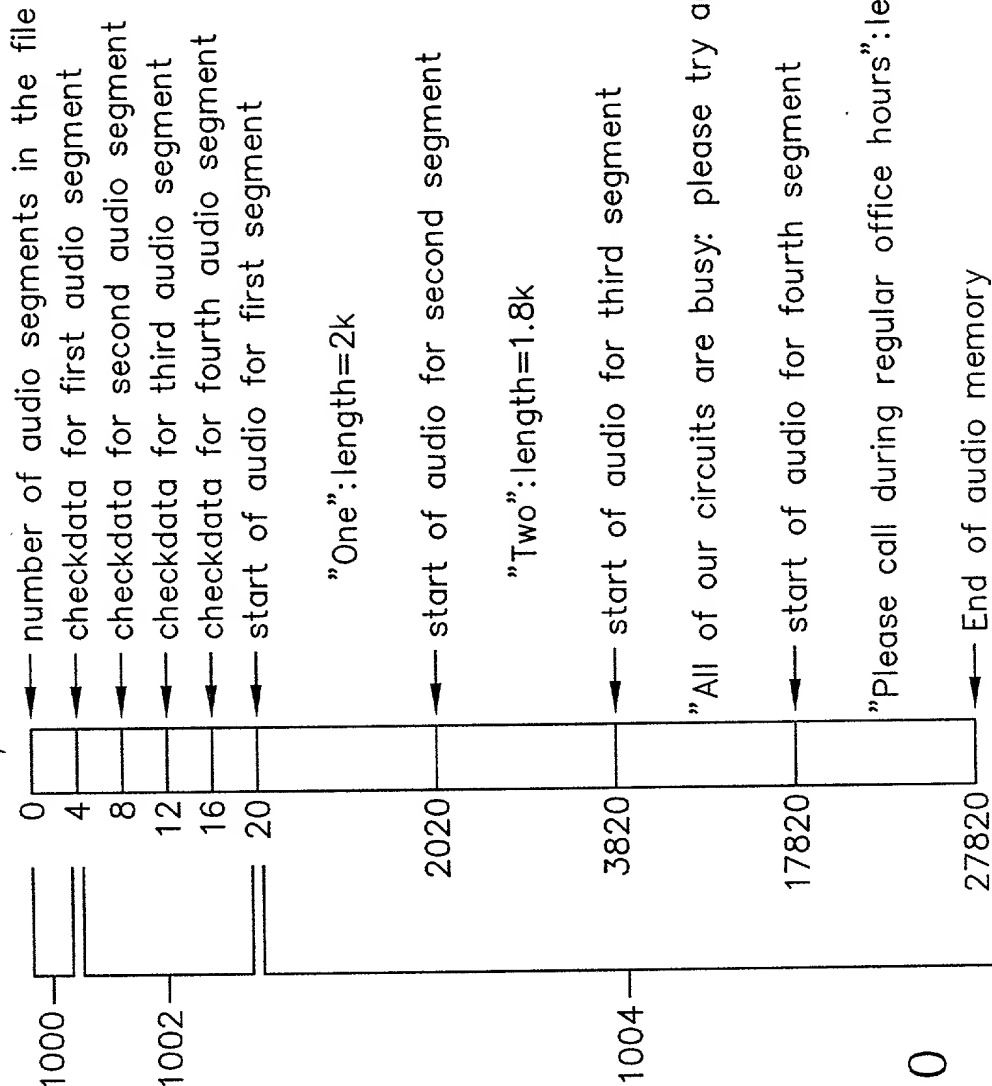


FIG.10

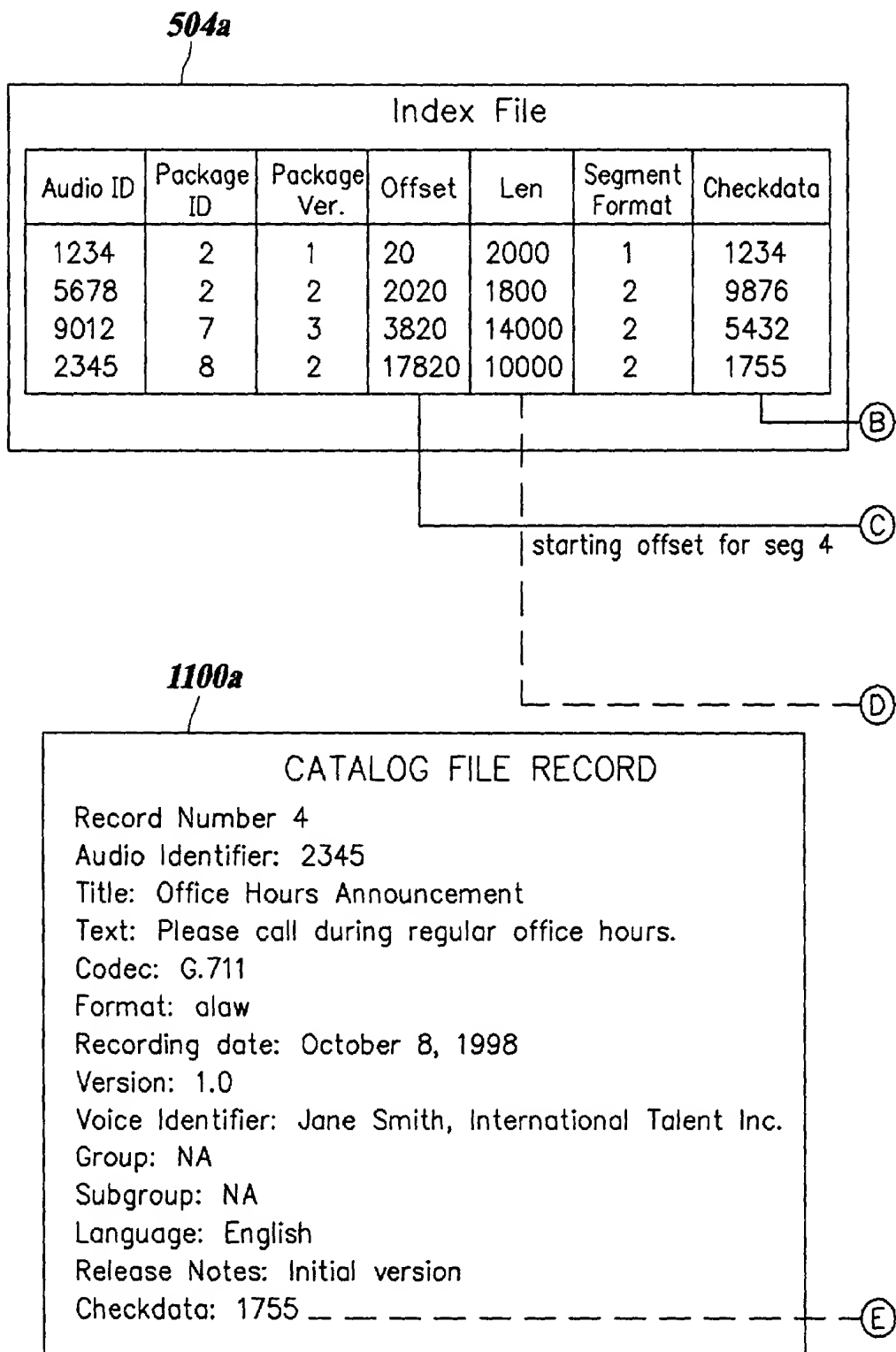


FIG.12a

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	First Named Inventor	Clarkson et al.
	COMPLETE IF KNOWN	
	Application Number	
	Filing Date	Herewith
	Group Art Unit	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Declaration Submitted with Initial Filing	OR	<input type="checkbox"/> Declaration Submitted after Initial Filing (surcharge (37 CFR 1.16 (e)) required)
Examiner Name		

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address, and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

METHODS AND SYSTEMS FOR BUILDING AND DISTRIBUTING AUDIO PACKAGES

the specification of which

(Title of the Invention)

☒ is attached hereto
OR

☐ was filed on (MM/DD/YYYY) [] as United States Application Number or PCT International

Application Number [] and was amended on (MM/DD/YYYY) [] (if applicable).

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment specifically referred to above.

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Prior Foreign Application Number(s)	Country	Foreign Filing Date (MM/DD/YYYY)	Priority Not Claimed	Certified Copy Attached?	
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			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

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U.S. Parent Application or PCT Parent Number	Parent Filing Date (MM/DD/YYYY)	Parent Patent Number (if applicable)

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Arles A. Taylor, Jr.	39,395	David P. Gloekler	41,037

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Name of Sole or First Inventor:						<input type="checkbox"/> A petition has been filed for this unsigned inventor	
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Inventor's Signature					Date		
Residence: City	Wake Forest	State	NC	Country	USA	Citizenship	Canada
Post Office Address	7101 Avborough Court						
Post Office Address							
City	Wake Forest	State	NC	ZIP	27587-7397	Country	USA

☒ Additional inventors are being named on the 1 supplemental Additional Inventor(s) sheet(s) PTO/SB/02A attached hereto

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ADDITIONAL INVENTOR(S)
Supplemental Sheet
Page 1 of 1

Name of Additional Joint Inventor, if any:				<input type="checkbox"/> A petition has been filed for this unsigned inventor			
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Inventor's Signature					Date		
Residence: City		Cary	State	NC	Country		USA
Post Office Address		2905 Cowley Road					
Post Office Address							
City		Cary	State	NC	ZIP		27511
				Country		USA	
Name of Additional Joint Inventor, if any:				<input type="checkbox"/> A petition has been filed for this unsigned inventor			
Given Name (first and middle [if any])				Family Name or Surname			
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Inventor's Signature					Date		
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Post Office Address							
City		Raleigh	State	NC	ZIP		27615
				Country		USA	
Name of Additional Joint Inventor, if any:				<input type="checkbox"/> A petition has been filed for this unsigned inventor			
Given Name (first and middle [if any])				Family Name or Surname			
Xiaofeng				Gao			
Inventor's Signature					Date		
Residence: City		Alpharetta	State	GA	Country		USA
Post Office Address		750 Lake Medford Drive					
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